REDEFINE "DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY"



To more accurately gauge local fiscal distress, NJDEP should change its definition of a "disadvantaged community" (DAC) from a primary reliance on median household income to a multi-dimensional tool, such as the NJ Department of Community Affairs' Municipal Revitalization Index.

OTHER STATES: WATER AFFORDABILITY INDEX AND SMALL COMMUNITIES



New Jersey should adopt DAC-related innovations from other states, including a water affordability index and lowest quintile household income and by expanding funding for small DACs to help strike a better balance versus large water utilities.

GAINSHARING"



To incentivize DACs to pursue
New Jersey Water Bank (NJWB)
assistance, provide additional
principal forgiveness and increase
ranking points for initiatives that
benefit all parties, such as water
affordability programs, asset
management plans, regionalization
of water/sewer service, and prior
adherence to NJWB policies.

EXPAND ADDITIONAL SUBSIDIZATION

Increase principal forgiveness (PF) subsidies and provide state-funded grants to DACs by repurposing a portion of existing state appropriations and NJWB loan repayments.



"FLAT CAP" ALTERNATIVES



To increase equity,
the New Jersey
Department of
Environmental
Protection (NJDEP)
should implement
alternatives to the
existing "flat caps" on
additional subsidization
per DAC applicant.

Recommended Actions

TO THE NEW JERSEY
WATER BANK FOR
ADVANCING EQUITY

These recommendations, which are tempered to account for key tradeoffs and to preserve the program's essential strengths, provide a baseline for ongoing consideration.

DISTRIBUTE SUBSIDIES MORE EQUITABLY

To maximize
aid to the most
fiscally-distressed
DACs, additional
subsidization should
be distributed to
projects on a sliding
scale based on
financial need.



EXPAND 0% INTEREST LOANS



To recognize DACs' fiscal challenges and spur new project requests, the loan portion issued at 0% interest should be raised markedly.

SET ASIDE ACTIVITIES



Maximize federal set-aside activities in the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund to assist DACs, with particular emphasis on funding for pre-construction work (e.g., planning/design) and regionalization studies/implementation.

CREDIT WORTHINESS

New Jersey should adopt legislation authorizing measures to improve the credit worthiness of severelydisadvantaged communities.



FEDERAL EARMARKS

To preserve the integrity of the NJWB and ensure its continued success, the Governor's Office should work with New Jersey's congressional delegation to prompt Congress to eliminate or sharply restrict the use of federal earmarks that circumvent the normal priority-setting process by directing aid to specific utilities.





